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'Fighting mad battles'



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Lazy eye clinic set for Nov. 7

10-30-75

Is your child far sighted in one eye? or near sighted? Does he, or she, have astigmatism in one eye? You cannot see this yourself ... If your child has a muscle imbalance you may have noticed this if it is severe enough. Anyone of these factors may cause him not to use the eye, and consequently not to develop vision or sight in that eye. Vision develops only until the age of seven years.

The Amblyopia Clinic is held to determine if vision is developing equally in both eyes. If it is not, the child will be referred to a vision specialist. The clinic is free. The test is simple and painless. The Snellen E Chart is used for screening purposes.

Some children who have amblyopia in one eye, and then have an eye injury to the other eye then will be blind. Be sure your four or five year old pre-school child is developing vision in both eyes.

A free Amblyopia Clinic will be held Nov. 7 from 9:30 to 11:30 a.m. at the County Courthouse. If you cannot attend at that time call the Health Department 654-2101 for an appointment.

State pledges cleanup order for Strawberry

The State Division of Health is preparing to order Wasatch County to crack down on the unsanitary conditions at Strawberry Reservoir fishing camps.

"Those operations violate every state health regulation we can think of," Health Director Dr. Lyman Olsen declared Tuesday. Olsen said he would probably issue the order "before the end of the week."

Dr. Olsen made his remarks before a gathering of officials concerned with the problems at the reservoir during a county commission session in the County Courthouse. He referred to a seven-page memorandum prepared by his staff after a three-day survey of the situation last August.

State health investigators checked conditions at five camps or eating establishments around the reservoir and discovered the following:

• "The wastewater disposal situation appears to constitute the largest concentration of unapproved, illegal and improperly installed wastewater systems in the state." The individual pit privies and small cesspools used by trailer and cabin owners often are within 100 feet of the shore, the report adds.

• "One camp is operating its own garbage dump. The Strawberry Water User's Association is hauling garbage from the other camps and using an unauthorized dump north of the reservoir."

• Four of the five eating establishments at the reservoir exceed demerit scores (40) which warrant immediate closure. They are:

Charlie Woodbury's Trout Creek Boat Camp Cafe, 57 demerits;
Bill's Snack Bar, operated by William Busse, 74 demerits;

Fred Clark's Cafe, 75 demerits;
Camp Strawberry Cafe, operated by Chester Murray, 76 demerits.

Frank Madsen's Cafe had the lowest score with 30 demerits.

The culinary water supplies are not state approved and are threatened by pit privies situated at higher elevations than the water sources.

The study group then listed detailed recommendations for improvements at the area. They advised that camp owners and Water Users install sewer systems and prohibit wastewater disposal within 100 feet of the maximum flood level of the reservoir (7560 feet).

The group's final recommendation was that the county "prohibit the camps from opening in 1976 if plans have not been submitted and approved and construction of necessary facilities completed by the opening of the 1976 fishing season for Strawberry Reservoir."

Water Users' representatives said they recognized the seriousness of the problems but that it is "completely impossible" to comply with a clean up order by 1976. Spokesman Nelson Taylor told the group that the Water Users could not afford to put in improvements.

Taylor claimed that the Water Users have no idea how much longer the campsites will be above water and that it is too expensive to put in sewer and water facilities for only a few years.

The Water Users have also had trouble collecting fees from fishermen since the county shut down their fee collection station on the public road leading to the reservoir, Taylor said. He explained that this makes it even more difficult to finance improvements.

Amblyopia clinic held

11-13-75

Only 42 children were seen at the vision screening clinic. Of the 42 children all but one, who had been under care prior to the clinic, were judged to have no problems.

Kindergarten children are screened in the school. Six were requested to come to the clinic for re-screening. Three passed the test and three are being referred for further evaluation

by an eye specialist to determine if treatment is necessary.

Thanks to the following PTA ladies who so willingly assisted: Billy Snyder, Maurine Smith, Betty Hoggan, Edith Mair, Gloria Healey, Chris Mecham and Carol Glather.

If anyone could not attend the clinic and wishes to have an appointment, please call the health department, 654-2101.



'Not according to Hoyle'

A State Road Commission Caterpillar stands poised above a heap of newly-deposited garbage at the unauthorized landfill about 500 yards north of US 40 near Strawberry Reservoir.

Sheriff Floyd Witt, who inspected the landfill said the operation appeared to be properly run, but was not "according to Hoyle" because county law allows only one landfill in the county.

State Road division superintendent Ed Lovelace said the state has hauled and covered garbage from the reservoir for as long as he can remember. He said his department would cooperate with the county in finding a compromise solution to the problem.

Lazy eye clinic
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Is your child far sighted in one

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Dr. Olsen made his remarks before a gathering of officials concerned with the problems at the reservoir during a county commission session in the County Courthouse. He referred to a seven-page memorandum prepared by his staff after a three-day survey of the situation last August.

State health investigators checked conditions at five camps or eating establishments around the reservoir and discovered the following:

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"One camp is operating its own garbage dump. The Strawberry Water User's Association is hauling garbage from the other camps and using an unauthorized dump north of the reservoir."

Four of the five eating establishments at the reservoir exceed demerit scores (40) which warrant immediate closure. They are:

Fred Clark's Cafe, 75 demerits;
Camp Strawberry Cafe, operated by Cheyenne Murray, 76 demerits.

Frank Madsen's Cafe had the lowest score with 30 demerits.

The culinary water supplies are not yet approved and are threatened by pit privies situated at higher elevations than the water sources.

The study group then listed detailed recommendations for improvements at the area. They advised that camp owners and Water Users install sewer systems and proper wastewater disposal within 100 feet of the maximum flood level of the reservoir (75 feet).

The group's final recommendation to the county "prohibit the camps from operating in 1976 if plans have not been submitted for approved and construction of facilities completed by the opening of the 1976 fishing season for Strawberry Reservoir."

Water Users' representatives said they recognized the seriousness of the problems but that it is "completely impossible" to come with a clean up order by 1976. Spokesman Nelson Taylor told the group that the Water Users could not afford to put in improvements.

Taylor claimed that the Water Users have idea how much longer the campsites will be above water and that it is too expensive to put in sewer and water facilities for only a few years.

The Water Users have also had trouble collecting fees from fishermen since the county shut down their fee collection station on

Strawberry

10/23/75

Health order coming, official says

A Utah Division of Health order directing Wasatch County to correct health code violations at Strawberry Reservoir boat camps should reach county officials "in a few days," according to state sanitarian Mervin Reid.

Reid said Monday that the order was delayed because deputy director of health Lynn Thatcher asked that it be reworded to include "more of the history of the problem."

Health inspectors checked boat camps in August and discovered what they called "the largest concentration of unapproved, illegal and improperly installed wastewater systems in the state." They also

found that four of five eating establishments there exceeded state demerit requirements for immediate closure.

County health officials say they first brought the problem to the state's attention in 1969. Reid also explained that assistant attorney-general William Quigley, who must review the order, has been out of town. This has added to the delay, Reid said.

State director of health Dr. Lyman Olsen had said the order would be issued before Oct. 11. Meanwhile, a spokesman for the Strawberry Water Users Association has said that the association has no immediate

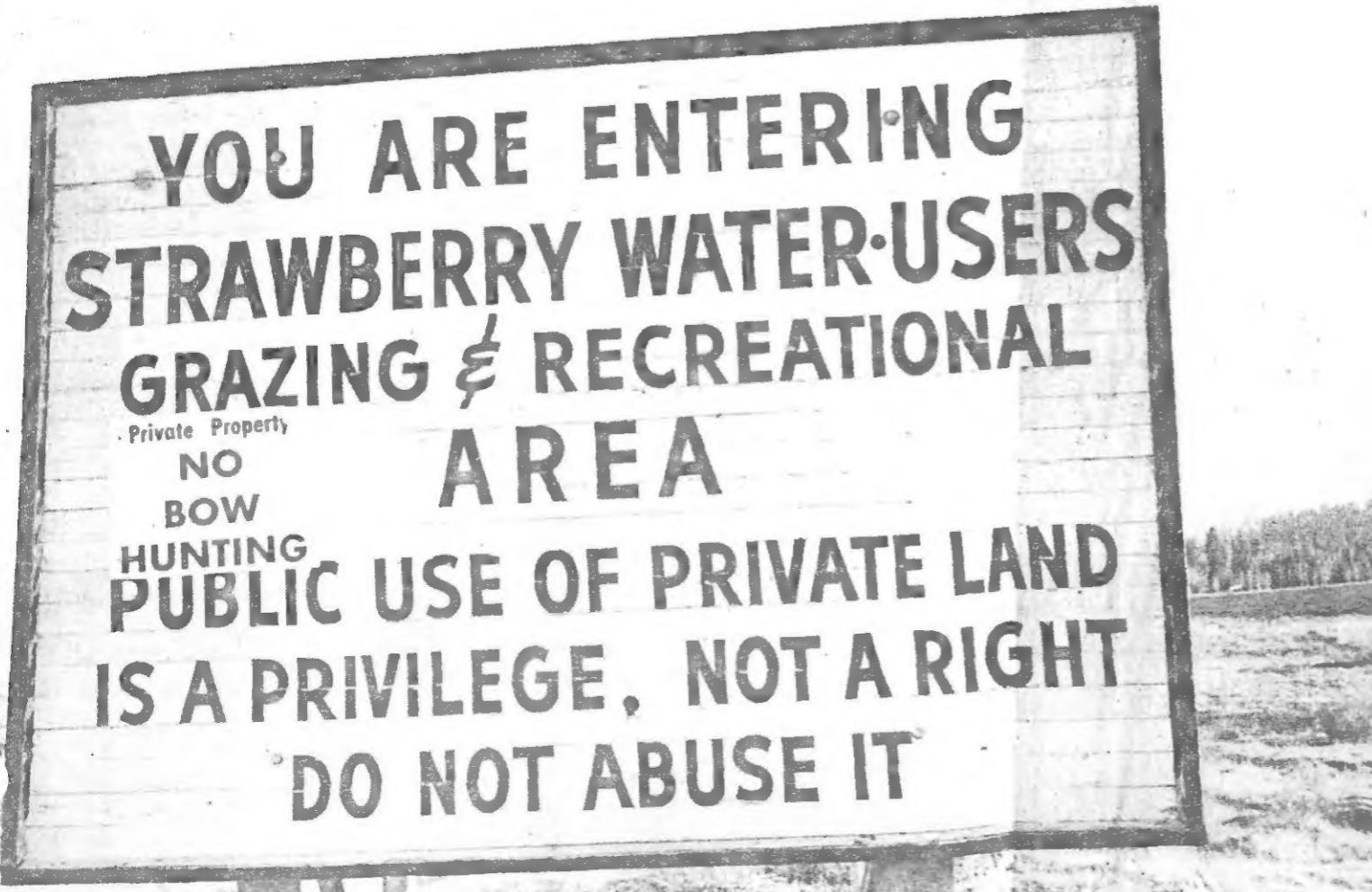
plans for improvements at the reservoir this winter.

Nelson Taylor said Tuesday that the Water Users are reluctant to begin planning without specific guidelines from the state. "We've been trying to set up a meeting with the state to find out exactly what they want," Taylor said.

He also noted that the six inches of snow now on the ground at Strawberry would prevent any construction. The Water Users lease the land around the reservoir from the federal government. They intend to sublet land to boat camp owners, who run the camps and cafes.

Water User's Assoc....

The Strawberry 'Kingdom' cracks



The crack has appeared in the "kingdom within a kingdom."

The Strawberry Water Users Association, who have successfully avoided Utah State Division of Health strictures for ten years, have been ordered to comply with closure orders for violation of state sanitation and health regulations.

Dr. Lynn Olsen, Utah State Division of Health director, said that the order applies to the Strawberry Water Users, Madsen's Boat Camp, Camp Strawberry, Clark's Boat Camp, cabins and trailers presently in those camps, and cafes leased on Strawberry Water User land.

Fishing will continue to be open, however, to all fishermen who have "self-contained" units according to Olsen.

Olsen has requested the Wasatch County Attorney to enforce the provisions of the order of compliance within 30 days unless the water users submit and receive approval of a proposal, with a time schedule, for bringing the facilities under the control of the Strawberry Water Users into compliance with state codes.

The Division of Health orders took place at a meeting in Salt Lake City coincident with Wasatch County Commission's regularly scheduled meeting.

"Since we'll be responsible for enforcement; we have asked our representatives to make no threats or promises that we can't keep," Commissioner Harold H. Smith said.

Wasatch County Sheriff Floyd Witt had previously said that a total enclosure order (to include fishermen) couldn't be enforced if he "deputized all the people in Wasatch County."

The State Division of Health has previously referred to the sanitary conditions at Strawberry as "the largest concentration of unapproved, illegal and improperly installed wastewater systems in the state."

Strawberry Water Users have maintained that the cost of eliminating the problem would be financially prohibitive.

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See related story on page eight

The division survey report

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Olsen's certified mail letter to the Strawberry Water Users says that "Records indicate since 1967 the Strawberry Water User's Association and the camp operators at Strawberry Reservoir have been notified many times about inadequacies of water system trailer park accommodations, wastewater disposal, garbage disposal, sanitation levels of eating establishments and numerous other health problems. Requests for time to make improvements have been granted again and again. While there has been some improvement in the handling of garbage, over the years, the over-all conditions have been a continual problem."

Fred Clark, owner of Clark's Boat Camp, one of the camps notified, was told "the inspection of your camp this year revealed numerous problems considered to be hazardous to the health of persons using your camp. Virtually every mobile trailer unit is disposing of wastes in a manner that fails to comply with the Utah State Code of Waste Disposal Regulations. Numerous privies, both public

**See related
story on
page eight**

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Fred Clark, owner of Clark's Boat Camp, one of the four camps notified, was told that "the inspection of your camp this year revealed numerous problems considered to be hazardous to the health of persons using your camp. Virtually every mobile trailer unit is disposing of wastes in a manner that fails to comply with the Utah State Code of Waste Disposal Regulations. Numerous privies, both public and private, are not constructed to be fly or rodent proof and many are located at the water's edge ... A demerit score of seventy-five was marked against the cafe at the inspection made on August 22 of this year. Under the food code, a score of forty demerits indicates a very poor level of sanitation and immediate action to suspend the operation is advocated."

The division survey report submitted this summer after an investigation of Strawberry indicated that "there are row on row of pit privies in each camp. Some are provided by the camp operators for the public. The majority are privately owned. A number of the units provided for the public were filled to overflowing with wastes, some privies had been partially moved off the pit, leaving a pile

Thursday, November 13, 1975

Water User's and officials meet

Wasatch County officials, the State Board of Health and representatives from the Strawberry Water User's Association convened Monday at Strawberry Reservoir for a down-to-earth evaluation of what the Water User's have to do to keep their operation from being closed down for non-compliance of health codes.

Wasatch County Commissioners, Leland Ivers, said that the meeting was productive. He said that he believes that the ten-year-old history of health code violations at Strawberry will soon be cleared up.

"The Water User's seem to

be sincerely interested in improving the situation," he said. "I really think they'll get it done this time. I hope so because it effects a lot of people."

Ivers said that the Water User's itemized the specific demands of the Utah Division of Health representatives who accompanied the group to the reservoir.

"I really don't think that they're going to be hard to get along with now," Ivers said.

"It's gone along for so many years. I've always thought they (the Water User's) believed they were an entity to themselves. I think they've got to the point now that they're going to have to comply. They're not about to give up their income. I heard someone say today that they were making about \$120,000 a year there. I just always thought that those people ought to do their fair share."

On Nov. 4 the Strawberry Water User's Association were informed by the Utah State Division of Health that the public and private facilities were

going to be closed down in 30 days by the Board of Health unless a plan, complete with a time table, was submitted and approved by the Utah State Division of Health.

Steve Jenkins, the Wasatch County sanitarian, said the meeting was constructive. "I'm optimistic about them taking care of the water systems and I understand that notices were given by the Water User's to remove the privies that were not in compliance."

"I think right now," Jenkins said, "that the Strawberry Water User's, the cabin owners, and the trailer owners are harmonious in their desire to improve the situation. Too bad it had to take a closing order to get the ball rolling."

The Strawberry Water User's are in a harried situation. The general deterioration of Strawberry Reservoir has been a fact of life for "40 years" according to some. The Water User's would prefer not to pay for temporary moves and temporary expedients because when the new Soldier Creek Dam reaches its peak water level it will raise the water level of

Strawberry.

Wasatch County Attorney, J Harold Call said that the "best they can do in this situation is a temporary expedient because the Bureau of Reclamation won't tell them where they can put their new camp after the water rises."

Strawberry Water User's Association president, Rex Hiatt said that the Water User's "won't know until next summer where we can place the camps on a permanent basis."

"What we were doing today is simply going over the demands of the Health Department on a specific basis and trying to see if we can meet the requirements."

When asked if there were requirements that the Water User's would not be able to meet, Mr. Hiatt said that "If we had to do what the original plans were we would have difficulty in meeting the demands."

Shop at Home

Water User's Assoc....

The Strawberry 'Kingdom' Cracks

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Fishing will continue to be open, however, to all fishermen who have "self-contained" units according to Olsen.

Strawberry Water Users have maintained that the cost of eliminating the problem would be financially prohibitive.

Olsen has requested the Wasatch County Attorney to enforce the provisions of the order of compliance within 30 days unless the water users submit and receive approval of a proposal, with a time schedule, for bringing the facilities under the control of the Strawberry Water Users into compliance with state codes.

The Division of Health orders took place at a meeting in Salt Lake City coincident with Wasatch County Commission's regularly scheduled meeting.

Commissioners were not informed of the Division of Health meeting until Monday—too late to change their scheduled meeting with the Utah State Road Commission. The Wasatch

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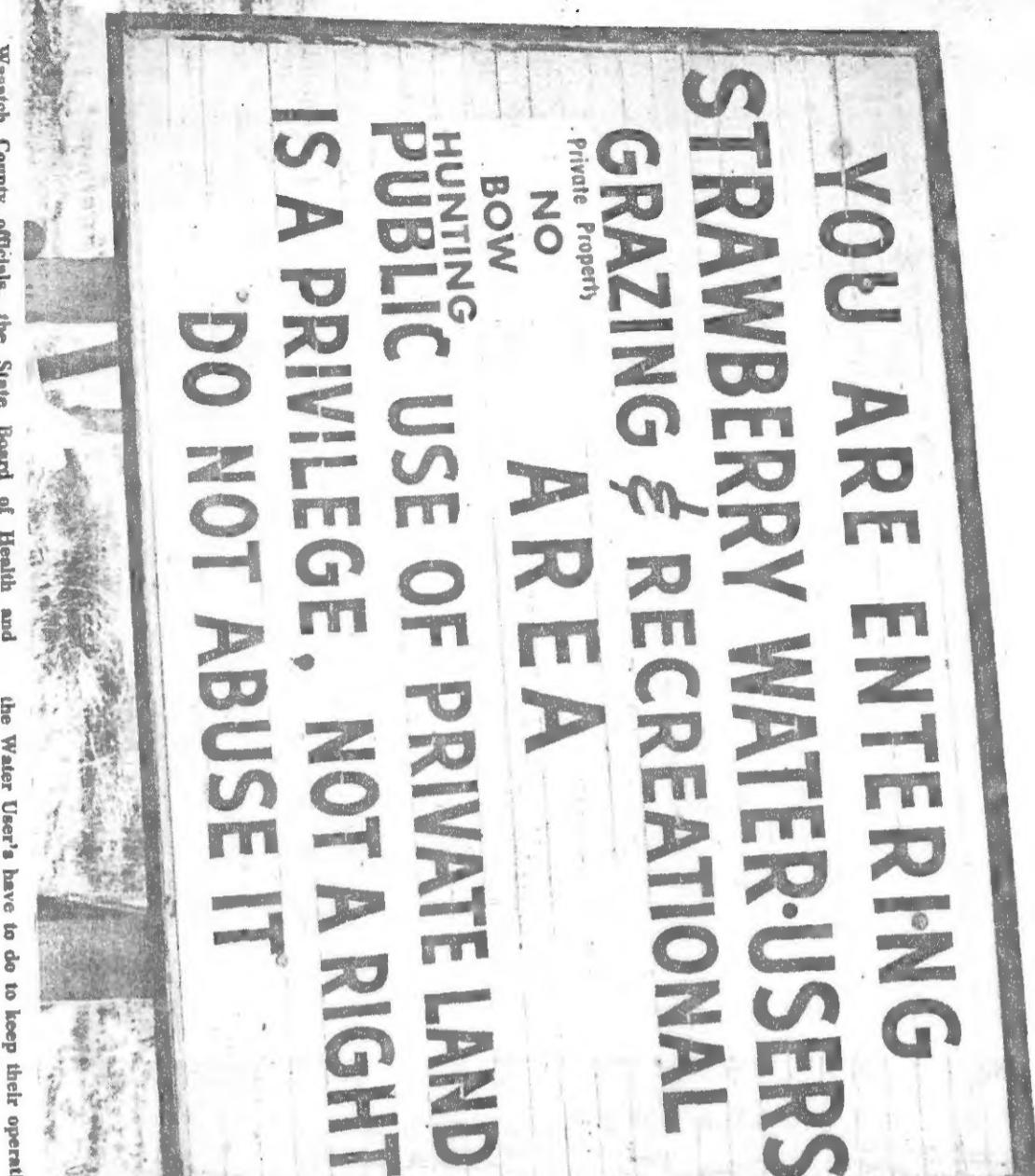
Strawberry Water Users have been a continual decline in the past years, the overall trend being a continual decline in conditions."

Fred Clark, owner of Clark's Boat Camp, on the lake, did not notify the inspection unit this year because the problems considered hazardous to the health of persons using your unit.

Virtually every mobile unit is disposing of wastes in a manner that fails to comply with the Utah State Code of Utah Disposal Regulations. Numerous privies, both public and private, are not constructed to be fly or rodent proof and are located at the water's edge.

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Wave photo

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See related story on page eight

**YOU ARE ENTERING
STRAWBERRY WATER USERS
GRAZING & RECREATIONAL
AREA
NO BOW HUNTING
PUBLIC USE OF PRIVATE LAND
IS A PRIVILEGE. NOT A RIGHT
DO NOT ABUSE IT.**

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inadequacies of water supply, trailer park accommodation, wastewater disposal, sanitation, leveling, eating establishments and

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"the inspection of your camp this year revealed numerous problems considered to be hazardous to the health

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Triple vaccine clinic

This triple vaccine will be given at a clinic to be held Dec. 5 between 12 and 1:30 p.m. at the courthouse. Due to the high cost of the vaccine, parents must come to the Health Department between 9 and 12 p.m. and 1 and 3 p.m. and register their child and pay \$6.50 by Nov. 28. No vaccine will be ordered for your child unless this is done.

In the past only M-R (measles-rubella) vaccine has been given at the clinics.

Mumps may cause encephalitis, sterility, pancreatitis, arthritis, neuritis and pericarditis (an inflammation of the sac covering the heart).

Due to these possible serious complications of mumps, it has been decided to provide the triple vaccine M-M-R as a community health measure by the Wasatch County Health Department.

A child needs to be at least 13 months before a measles shot can be given.

Vaccine clinic Friday

12-4-75

Measles - Mumps - Rubella
Clinic for those who have
pre-registered will be held Dec.
5 at 12 to 1:30 p.m. at the

courthouse.

Children will not be bused in.
Parents must bring them to the
clinic.

New program for Strawberry

12-4-75

A 10-point program designed to improve sanitation around Strawberry Reservoir has been submitted to state health authorities.

President Rex A. Hiatt of the Strawberry Water Users Association (SWUA) predicted the proposal would meet Utah Division of Health objections by late next summer when it is fully implemented.

The state has ordered privately operated fishing camps and public sanitation provided by SWUA closed unless camp operators and the association submit by early this month plans to improve sanitation around the reservoir in Wasatch County.

Strawberry and thousands of acres surrounding it are owned by the association. SWUA is composed of a group of southern Utah County farmers who a year ago made the last payment on the \$3.2 million Reclamation

project, one of the first in the nation's history.

Unless the closure order is rescinded, Mr. Hiatt said, it could severely restrict fishing at Strawberry at best and eliminate existing sanitation at worst.

"We've gone to considerable expense and effort to put this proposal together," said Morris Smith of Genoa, chairman of the association's Recreation Committee. Strawberry is trying to keep that favorite 'fishing hole' open by maintaining some control and responsibility over sanitation."

He said he understood camp operators also planned to submit compliance proposals to state officials by the end of this week.

Fishing camp sites, trailer areas and plots for individually owned permanent cabins are leased from SWUA. The association, which also charges a transient fee at the reservoir, is

responsible for all domestic water, solid waste disposal and sanitation outside the fishing camps and some trailer areas.

Key elements in Strawberry's proposal would get all trailers above the high water line, replace pit privies with self-contained toilets all 100 feet from shore, discourage expansion of permanent cabins and trailers and insure purity of domestic water supplies.

To prevent repetition of last spring's flooding, sewer systems and toilets would be located 100 linear feet above elevation 7560 feet. That would leave them well above the water level even if the reservoir should fill to its capacity as it did a year ago.

In return, the association seeks permission for cut-and-fill disposal of solid waste in Strawberry Valley and continuation of day use fees to finance sanitary improvements.

Cost of the SWUA proposals

is unknown at this time. Mr. Smith still is negotiating with suppliers of self-contained toilets. They are expected to be the biggest single expense.

A more permanent solution is impractical. The reservoir will be enlarged within a few years as part of the vast Central Utah Project and present shoreline installations will be under several feet of water.

Although recreation contributes significant revenue to the association, figures for SWUA's last complete fiscal year show sanitation costs exceed day use fee collections. Other income is derived from annual leases and boat licenses.

Because winter already has ended the construction season in Strawberry Valley and uncertainty when the disappearance of snow next year will permit work to begin, it is impossible to complete the improvements before the beginning of the 1976 fishing season. Some phases

will not be finished until September.

Proposals under study by state health authorities include:

- No cabins or trailers will be permitted below elevation 7560 feet.

- No new cabin permits will be issued or trailer areas expanded without multi-agency approval.

- All sewage disposal systems and self-contained toilets will be located 100 feet from elevation 7560 or back to access roads.

- Overnight campers and trailers will be restricted to designated areas.

- Trailers near water sources will be relocated.

- Extensive improvement of Mud Creek water system.

- Water systems will be sampled weekly June through October.

- Water service will be discontinued to nonconforming cabins and trailers.

- Cut-and-fill solid waste disposal.

- Continuation of day use fees.

County mental health services rescheduled

12/18/75

Mental Health Services will be provided in Wasatch County in new days beginning immediately.

Mrs. Karen Landward, the Mental Health Representative for Timpanogos Community Mental Health Center, will now be in Wasatch County every Monday and Thursday. Her office is in Room 104, County Courthouse, phone 654-2102.

Anyone interested in obtain-

ing information regarding counseling for couples, individuals, or children, may call her or leave a message with the secretary from 9-12 and 1-3 M-F. Counseling is available to everyone regardless of their ability to pay. All contacts will be kept confidential.

Mrs. Landward is also available to provide talks, presentations or workshops to community groups upon request.



12-26-75

Commission selects county planner

The Wasatch County Commission, after having interviewed several applicants for the position opening of Wasatch County Planner, selected Robert A. Mathis of Orem.

Mathis will assume the responsibilities of County Planner effective Jan. 1, 1976. However, Mathis will only be serving a part time internship with the county until April as he is attending Brigham Young University for the purpose of completion of a Masters Degree.

Mr. Mathis' experience includes an internship to the city of Mt. Pleasant,

Utah, where his responsibilities included the overseeing of applications and financial planning for a water project, and being responsible for all aspects of their new sewer project. Mathis' duties also included, grant and contract preparation and implementation with federal, state and special district governments.

Mr. Mathis has also served as planner area V. Senior projects for Southeastern Idaho Council of Governments, where his responsibilities included all administrative and plan-

ning functions relating to organizing an area agency on aging. This included the

Other activities the new planner has been engaged are President Brigham Young University Gerontology Student's Association, President of Central Utah Chapter of American Society for Public Administration, and President of Pocatello Community Services Council.

When asked why he chose to apply for the position of Wasatch County Planner, Mr. Mathis said "I am very much attracted to the scenic beauty of this county and the heritage of the people here. I think this is well worth being apart of. I also hope to do the most equitable job possible for Wasatch County."

establishment of a service network in seven counties with multiple sources of funding and contracts, resulting in the establishment of the first AAA in Idaho, and one of the early AAA's in the nation.

Mathis has served in a Planner, Grantsman, capacity for South Eastern Idaho Community Action Agency, Inc. This position called for considerable community organization and public relation responsibilities.

12-31-75

Measles clinic reminder

Due to the large number of measles cases in Summit and Utah Counties, Wasatch County Health Department will sponsor another M-R (measles-rubella) Clinic at the Courthouse Jan. 2 between 12 and 1 p.m.

The measles-rubella vaccines combination in one injection will be the only one available for a charge of 50 cents.

If your child has already been exposed to measles, please contact your physician.

Immunization clinics to begin

1/22/76

The Wasatch County Health Department will again sponsor County Immunization Clinics. These clinics will begin Feb. 6 and be held every other Friday until the end of May.

The following immunizations will be available: DPT, DT, Polio, Tetanus, Typhoid and Tick.

If your child has received a measles, Rubella or mump vaccine be sure he does not get a polio within a month.

More information will follow or call the Wasatch County Health Department 654-2102 for further information.

Immunization clinic to begin Feb. 6

1/29/76

The Wasatch County Health Department Immunization Clinics will begin Feb. 6 at the courthouse in Heber. Preschoolers and adults come between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. School children will be bused in as usual after lunch.

Information will be sent home with every grade school child. Request forms only with children in grades 3 through 6. These will also be available to Jr. High and Sr. High students in their school offices.

If your child had a measles, rubella or mumps immunization

be sure he does not receive polio vaccine within a month or vice versa.

Vaccines available are DPT, \$1; DT, \$1; Tetanus, \$1; Typhoid, \$1; Polio, \$.25; Tick, \$2. Prices are per dose (not per series).

If you need further information, call the Health Department 654-2102. Please do not wait until the day of the clinic to call. Call during the week before if at all possible. The secretary is there from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., except during the lunch hour.

Mental health aid urged in Senate bill

By Douglas D. Palmer
Deseret News staff writer

A "forced" dropping of 120 patients and refusal of services to another 178 persons since last July 1 in outpatient psychiatric services at Primary Children's Medical Center prompted introduction of SB12 in the Legislature.

The legislation is supported by the hospital's Parent Advisory Council, the National Association of Social Workers Utah Chapter, the Utah Psychological Association and others who provide mental health services in Utah.

A bill providing for mental health insurance coverage is needed in Utah. Mental health centers report a high incidence of medically insured patients without mental health benefits.

Untreated mental health patients swell welfare, employment, rehabilitation, alcoholism, drug, delinquency and prison rolls. Statistics show that many persons who receive early and competent care under licensed and professionally trained workers are able to continue successfully in their work and other activities.

There has been generally a favorable response on the part of the insurance industry to the entire area of mental health. Also, most individuals assume mental health problems will not plague them. Medication and improved treatment have removed 95 percent of the psychiatric care from state hospitals, Goates said. But the insurance companies have been "terribly slow" to make appropriate changes," he said.

In addition to dropping patients, Primary center dropped 40 percent of its outpatient mental health work from the payroll. Closure of a treatment program was also required. Other patients face being dropped from treatment, Goates said, all because of lack of insurance protection.

Gene Chatlin, executive director of Salt Lake Mental Health Center, said insurance companies need to "broaden their responsibility" in providing coverage for both adults and children with emotional problems and mental illness both in and out of hospitals.

"A lot of people go without insurance because of a lack of funding and lack of insurance provisions," Chatlin said.

Why the necessity for SB12 or "Mental Health Coverage" as it is called? People can pick their illnesses just as they can pick their accidents. Carling said that is the urgency in the bill's enactment because of the "unforeseen" loss of funds to care for children and families.

Strong differences existing on the bill among the helping professions have largely been resolved.



10 point program to reopen Strawberry

Sanitation stipulations for the reopening of Strawberry Reservoir have been made by the Utah Health Division.

Because of environmental problems viewed as a health threat, the Division ordered Strawberry closed Nov. 4, 1975.

The order called for the Strawberry Water Users Assn., to present an acceptable cleanup program in order to alleviate existing pollution problems.

The association complied with a 10-point proposal Dec. 3. Monday's letter response

by the division signed by Dr. Lyman J. Olsen, State Health Director, states changes in the proposals, point by point, determined necessary to fulfill sanitation requirements. Dr. Olsen suggested the association submit a new cleanup program with the incorporation of proposed changes, for approval of the division and Wasatch County officials.

Generally acceptable

Dr. Olsen said the association's proposals were "generally acceptable," and the suggested modifications would

"fully meet all requirements."

The division modifications include:

All cabins and trailers to be relocated "above 7,560 elevation" by July 1, 1976, none to be occupied until relocated. (The association had set a September deadline for the move.) Cabin owners have until Sept. 1 to relocate.

No new leases will be allowed for the construction of new cabins or placement of new mobile homes (trailer homes).

(Continued on Page 12)

Strawberry program

(Continued from Front Page)

Sealed vault privies and leak-proof septic tanks may be allowed within 50 feet of the 7,560 foot elevation (maximum water level behind the present Strawberry Dam) if all seepage devices meet the 100-foot limitation. (The association had proposed all sewage disposal systems, including privies, be 100 feet from the high-water line).

The design, construction and maintenance of all restroom units replacing the pit privies must be approved by local health authorities and the Utah State Director of Health.

Designated areas for overnight campers and trailers must be approved by the state division and Wasatch County Health Department. Restroom facilities and water hydrants must be provided for "dependent" units; water and sewer connections for "independent" units; and it will be necessary to provide a dump station for the dumping of sewage holding tanks in Strawberry Valley, a responsibility of the association. Self-contained units may park in any designated area.

days. (The association had suggested "every week to 10 days.")

Plans for new sewage systems for permanent trailers and cabins must be submitted to Wasatch County Health Department for approval by July 1; installation and final inspection by Sept. 1. Cabins and trailers not connected to new systems by Sept. 1 will have leases cancelled and be closed to occupancy or their trailers removed. Unapproved systems now being used must be removed, remodeled or corrected in a manner acceptable to state and county health authorities.

Garbage

A landfill garbage disposal operation must be established in the valley, approved by the division, with transporting of camp wastes a responsibility of the association.

The garbage dump at Charlie Woodbury's Camp must be closed.

Dr. Olsen's letter included no modification regarding the association proposal that:

Areas for overnight units must be identified prior to opening of the fishing season.

All permanent restroom facilities must be installed by July 15 and the dump station by Aug. 15. (The association had proposed a Sept. 1 deadline.)

Adequate restroom facilities will be required in all the designated camping areas by the opening of fishing season. If installation is incomplete at that time, the association may install portable toilets on a temporary basis.

Water hydrants shall be conveniently located by each restroom and constructed to provide adequate drainage to prevent a potential nuisance.

Culinary systems

The association is responsible for improvement, maintenance, operation and monitoring of all three culinary systems at Strawberry Reservoir and improvements proposed by the association must be completed by July 1. (The association had proposed a Sept. 1 deadline.)

There must be frequent sampling of all spring water sources, the time between sampling no more than seven

"A fee station will be located on access road to Strawberry Valley wherein Strawberry Water Users will collect fees from users to recoup expenses. Permission from Wasatch County and State Road Commission will be required in writing granting this collection fee station."

"We appreciate the efforts your association has made to begin correcting the environmental health problems at Strawberry Reservoir," Dr. Olsen concluded.

Morris Smith, chairman of the recreation committee for the Strawberry Water User's Assn., expressed his concern over the association's lack of money to provide the necessary improvements for the reopening of Strawberry.

Smith commented that unless the Water User's Assn. can negotiate certain easements with Wasatch County for the purpose of allowing the association to stop traffic and charge an entrance fee on the public right-of-way, he sees no possible way to make the necessary improvements required by the state. At this point the Strawberry Water User's Assn. doesn't know if Strawberry will be reopened for public use.

4/22/76 Heber City, Utah 84032

4-1-76

Thursday, Ap

232 screened at

4-1-76

glaucoma clinic

A total of 232 people were screened at the glaucoma clinic held on March 24 in Heber City.

Of this number, 23 people were referred to ophthalmologists for further examination and possible treatment.

The clinic was jointly sponsored by the Heber City and Midway Lions Clubs, and the Utah Society for the Prevention of Blindness. The doctors who conducted the examinations donated their time for the clinic. The Heber City Lions Club has been involved in a number of other charitable activities over the past few months.

During November and December, 150 pairs of eyeglasses were collected and sent to "New Eyes for the Need" in Short Hills, N.J. The ~~300~~ will be distributed to

persons in the Eastern United States.

The White Cane drive held during November netted \$133.50, which was sent to the Utah Lions Charity Foundation to support the Utah Lions Eye Bank at the University Hospital.

The Heber City Lions Club paid \$35 to cover the cost of an eye examination and eyeglasses for a needy youth in Heber City. The club paid \$25 to help defray the cost of sending an Explorer Scout to the President's Congress in Washington, D.C.

BUSES





DEVELOPMENTALLY HANDICAPPED children of pre-school age may now receive specialized training in a new program for Utah, Wasatch, and Summit Counties conducted through the Provo School District. The program involves in-

the-home training, as well as physical therapy and training in small groups. Above, Deborah Stewart works with three children at a classroom in the Utah Valley Care and Training Center, 800 W. 800 N., Provo.

Disabled Children Program Inaugurated in Utah County

A new program to aid potentially "high risk" children or those who are developmentally disabled is underway in Utah County, and will soon be expanded to Wasatch and Summit counties.

Gay Hatch is directing the new program through the Provo School District, with an office and classroom now at the Utah Valley Care and Training Center.

At present she is attempting to identify children for next year's enrollment, planning for a home-based program where parents can be taught to help.

Concerns about the development of their young children should contact the center now, Miss Hatch said. Many parents are reluctant to seek help for their tiny children, but wonders can be accomplished for them through training, particularly if they begin early, she reported.

"With cerebral palsy victims, the earlier we get them the better," and "epilepsy is not as debilitating as once thought," she said.

As the children approach school age, consultants will make recommendations concerning their future training.

"Hopefully we can have a community-based program which will have as its goal putting these children into the regular school program with the resources necessary to meet the child's needs," Miss Hatch declared.

Currently a training program involving an early childhood education experience is being conducted at the training

center. Parents bring their children to the center for two-hour periods, where they receive physical therapy and other training in small groups of two or three children.

"These children make remarkable progress with the individual training at home and in the center," Miss Hatch said.

Water users set fee structure for Strawberry

4/22/76

Increases for most types of permits

The Strawberry Water Users have announced their fee structure for the 1976 season.

Rates will be generally higher this year, with increases ranging from six to 50 percent, depending on the type of permit.

Milton V. Theobald, secretary-treasurer of the Strawberry Water Users Association, said that the increased income will be used to rent chemical toilets.

\$10,000 worth

Between 75 and 100 toilets will be installed in designated areas at an estimated annual cost of about \$10,000, he said.

Annual revocable camp permits in the East Madsen area will remain at \$57. All other revocable camp permits will cost \$50 for both cabins and trailers (1975 rates were \$47 for cabins and \$35 for trailers).

One annual pass will be granted for each space leased.

Annual boat permits will be \$5 (up \$1). Annual passes will cost \$25 for campers (up \$10) and \$15 for cars (up \$5).

The price of overnight permits has been set at \$4 (up \$1.50), while day use permits will cost \$2, \$1 more than in 1975.

To insure compliance with health regulations, no camp permits will be issued for areas below the 7,560-foot mark. This will guarantee that there will be at least 100 horizontal feet between all sites and the high water mark of the reservoir.

Mailed April 20

Notices were mailed to cabin owners on April 20, advising them to relocate above the 7,560-foot mark. The owners will have 90 days from the date of the receipt of the notices, according to Theobald. Anything not relocated will be considered to be abandoned.

Inspection of the sites by state and county health officials will take place between June 14 and June 19.

Cabin and trailer owners will be notified of the exact date, and must be present when the inspection takes place.

Plans indicating compliance with the new sewage regulations must be approved by July 1 and a copy of the approval delivered to the Water Users Association by July 6, Theobald said.

Otherwise, permits will be cancelled without refunds being offered, he warned.

4/22/76

Make sure You're protected

more severe than this would be highly unlikely.

Many people ask questions about flu vaccination during pregnancy. An advisory com-

mittee of the Public Health Service examined this question carefully and reported that "there are no data specifically to contraindi-

cate vaccination with the available killed virus vaccine in pregnancy. Women who are pregnant should be considered as having essentially the same balance of benefits and risks

regarding influenza vaccination

and influenza as the general population."

As indicated, some individ-

uals will develop fever and

soreness after vaccination.

However, complications may

occur again this winter. A

separate vaccine has been prepared to give them protection against both types of flu.

These vaccines have been field tested and shown to

produce very few side effects.

Some people who receive the

vaccine had fever and soreness

exceptions, may be filed only

against the United States

Government. Information re-

garding the filing of claims may

be obtained by writing to the U.S. Public Health Service Claims Office, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

Attached is more information about flu and flu vaccine. Please take the time to read it carefully.

You will be asked to sign a form indicating that you understand this information and that you consent to vaccination.

If you have any questions about flu and flu vaccine, please indicate that you understand this information and that you consent to vaccination.

The disease influenza (flu) is caused by viruses. When people get flu they may have fever, chills, headache, dry cough or muscle

aches. Illness may last several days or a week or more, and complete recovery is usual.

However, complications may lead to pneumonia or death in some people. For the elderly or those with chronic medical conditions, the risk of complications is greater.

•People with known allergy to eggs should receive the vaccine only under special medical supervision.

•People with fever should delay getting vaccinated until the fever is gone.

•People who have received another type of vaccine in the past 14 days should consult a physician before taking the flu vaccine.

If you have any questions about flu and flu vaccine, please indicate that you understand this information and that you consent to vaccination.

The vaccine is free to the public. No vaccine is available at the clinic for children under 18.

You probably have heard a good deal about swine flu and swine flu vaccine. You may know, for example, that swine flu caused an outbreak of several hundred cases at Ft. Dix, N.J., early in 1976 — and that before then swine flu had not caused outbreaks among people since the 1920s.

With the vast majority of Americans being susceptible to swine flu, it is possible that there could be an epidemic this winter. No one can say for sure.

While there is no reason to expect more serious reactions to this flu vaccination, persons who believe that they have been injured by this vaccination may have a claim. The Congress recently passed a law providing that such claims, with certain exceptions, may be filed only

against the United States Government. Information regarding the filing of claims may

be obtained by writing to the U.S. Public Health Service Claims Office, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

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The vaccine is free to the public. No vaccine is available at the clinic for children under 18.

Strawberry Reservoir *nows* new signs of activity

Anglers have reported that another species of animal has begun to dig up the ground around Strawberry Reservoir.

Long accustomed to the small but treacherous holes dug by the ever-present ground squirrel ("pot gut") population, observers have recently noticed cavernous excavations appearing in the vicinity of the cabin sites close to the water's edge.

A man wearing a floppy hat and sunglasses was seen walking from cabin to cabin, inspecting each cavity as if he too were puzzling over its origin. It was this man that the Wave approached in search of an explanation.

The figure in the floppy hat, it turned out, was Steve Jenkins of the Wasatch County Health Department.

The excavations, it turned out, were the work of a species known as the American Trout Fisherman.

Jenkins has been at the reservoir almost continuously since the middle of June. But don't ask him how the fish are biting.

It has been his responsibility to approve individual plans for the installation of septic tanks by cabin and trailer owners, and to verify that the work complies with county regulations.

For Jenkins, the experience has been both an education and a lot of frustration. He has become an instant authority on the installation of holding tanks, drain fields and septic tanks. And he has become the messenger of gloom to those who are being forced to assume one more financial burden.

There are a few bare spots on the ground where trailers used to be. Some people have thrown up their hands, hooked up their trailers and moved on. But most have remained and have indicated a willingness to comply with the county's regulations.

The cabin and trailer owners have been asked to install holding tanks no closer than 50 feet from the high water level of the reservoir (7,560 feet above sea level) and drainage fields no closer than 100 feet from that level. The owners have been instructed to submit plans for proper sewage disposal systems by July 1; the deadline for their installation is September 1.

Although Jenkins as yet does not have any firm figures, he says that most residents are taking steps to comply with the regulations, at least in the area where he has been concentrating the majority of his efforts.

"Most people in Clark's Camp are moving along pretty good," he observed Friday. He pointed out that work on many systems is well advanced, although the completion deadline is two months away.

"One lady said to me: 'That husband of mine spent more time fixing up a toilet room than he ever did on the cabin,'" Jenkins said.

The task has generated a spirit of cooperation between neighbors. In some areas four or five adjacent cabin owners have banded together to install a

community septic tank and drain field, with work and expense (presumably) shared equally.

The work has had an unexpected side effect, Jenkins noted. People are apparently taking more pride in their property, and some have been observed slapping a little paint on the outside of their cabins.

By Jenkins estimate, the cost of a septic tank and drain field could run between \$650 and \$1,400. The cost of the tank and the excavation work, he said, is fairly constant. The major variable has been the cost of hauling rock for the drain fields.

Some of the rock has come from as far as the Geneva slag piles. Some has come from Heber. People have reportedly pilfered rock from the slides in Daniels Canyon. Others have scoured the Water Users' land

around the reservoir. But that, too, has its price.

"I've had some of them tell me: 'If I ever pick up another rock I'll go stark raving mad,'" Jenkins said.

Others have avoided this step by installing holding tanks, some as small as 55-gallon drums, resigned to the prospect of paying to have them pumped out periodically. This will cost about \$5 per 100 gallons, according to Jenkins.

Jenkins' inspections have revealed some of the crude, often makeshift devices used in the past for disposal of sewage. He said there wasn't much supervision before this year.

"It was kind of up to them what they wanted to do with it (the sewage)," he said.

Maren Durtschi attends mental health meet

By Public Health Nurse
Maren Durtschi

I attended a meeting of the Timpanogos Community Mental Health Center Advisory Council on Aug. 9 of which I have been a member for two years. Great news was received from Dr. Brown, who reported on a hearing held in Denver recently on an application for a federal grant for the center.

The Consultation and Education Grant was approved and will be a great step forward in the prevention of mental illness. Prevention is much less costly, not only in dollars and cents but in the suffering.

The three people who will be responsible for the initial planning and programming are: Richard Weaver, Ted Terry and Ford McBride.

Discussion was enthusiastically carried on between them and the members of the Advisory Council regarding their consultation with professional people and community leaders, and the educational programs that will be carried on.

Another new thing that has occurred at the center is the formation of a Consumer Council chaired by Jim Martineaux and Peggy Karkula. Members are patients, ex-patients, and their families who bring ideas and feelings about programs, etc. at the center to the Advisory Council. The value of their contributions has already been evidenced by the fulfillment of needs presented.

Serving on this council is exciting for me and I would like to again let you know of items of interest as they occur.

If you or someone you know has a crisis-emotional, drug or alcohol, or perhaps only counseling, the Timpanogos Community Mental Health Center is there to serve you. Call Provo 373-7393. The address is 1161 92-1-76

Wasatch swine flu clinic scheduled for October 29

of Wasatch, roll up your sleeves. The county's first flu vaccination day is fast approaching.

The Blue Room in the County Courthouse will be the site of a one-day free swine flu clinic Oct. 29. So-called high risk patients of all ages with chronic illnesses such as cancer, heart disease, emphysema or severe arthritis are asked to attend the clinic between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m.

Children three through 17 years of age who do not have chronic illnesses will not be given the flu vaccine.

"Healthy" persons 18 and older are asked to attend the clinic between the hours of 1 p.m. and 7 p.m.

Two types of vaccine have been developed. The State Bureau of Disease Prevention recommends that the monovalent vaccine be given to all healthy persons between 18 and 65.

For those over 65 and those in high risk categories, a bivalent vaccine (which also contains vaccine for the A/Victoria flu strain) should be administered, the bureau says.

To avoid confusion, county officer Dr. Raymond Green asks that everyone enter the courthouse through the west entrance and exit through the east entrance.

Health officials appear confident that the

swine flu.

The jet injector gun to be used in the immunization program operates by squirting a jet of vaccine under high pressure and velocity through the skin without the use of a needle.

The nozzle of the gun is placed against the skin of the arm while the operator

graps the arm above the elbow. The nozzle is then gently pushed against the arm and the trigger squeezed. A slight stinging sensation is felt as the vaccine enters the arm and disperses in a mushroom pattern rather than in the ball pattern given by needle injections.

Vaccination by jet injector is approximately 10 times faster than immunization

by needle, according to Dr. J. Donald Millar of the Center for Disease Control in Atlanta. 800 people can be vaccinated in an hour with the jet injector, compared to about 60 an hour with the needle.

An article which answers some of the most common questions about the flu vaccine is reprinted on Page 6.



Marty Van Roosendaal takes his medicine at swine flu clinic Friday.

Disappointing turnout at swine flu clinic 11/4/76

About 20 percent of the people of Wasatch County attended the swine flu clinic held Friday in the courthouse. County Health Director Dr. Raymond Green was clearly disappointed with the turnout.

"It had better be better the next time or we may have our hands full with a big epidemic," Green said Monday.

He reported that 1,466 people were given flu vaccinations, including 1,436 local residents.

"Unless people really turn out for that next clinic, we'll never make 90 percent."

The second flu clinic is scheduled for Nov. 27.

Green indicated that traditionally the county has good turnouts for programs such as this one. The publicity given to the deaths of three individuals in Pennsylvania all with a history of cardiac problems, may have discouraged local residents from taking the shots. Green suggested.

11/25/76

**Measle-mump
vaccinations
to be given
December 10**

An M-M-R clinic will be held on Friday, December 10th in the multipurpose room in the courthouse from 12:00 to 1:30 P.M. A combination of Measles-Mumps-Rubella vaccine will be offered to children from 13 months to three years old.

The cost of this vaccine makes it necessary to order only enough for those children who will receive it. Parents who want their child to receive it must sign up and pay for the vaccine before it can be ordered. Please do this at the County Health Dept. office 9:00 a.m. til 3:00 p.m. in the courthouse before Dec. 3. The cost of this vaccine is \$6.50.

Warning: If the child has any allergies, he should be immunized at the physician's office... not at any clinic.

12-9-76 *Another last chance for swine flu shot*

By Maren Durtchi,
county health nurse

Due to the small response at the last clinic, perhaps because of very cold weather, another clinic will be held on Thursday, Dec. 16, the day of the Senior Citizens Christmas Dinner and program. It will be held at the junior high school immediately after the program for those attending who desire to have the immunization. The clinic will then be open to others from 3:30 to 6:00 P.M.

Because junior high students will be leaving and some are bused home at 3:20, please do not park in the lane nearest the school building until buses have left.

Forty-one percent of the people eligible to receive swine flu vaccine in Wasatch County have received it. If you think you are protected from the swine flu because everyone else around has received the vaccine, remember that 59% have not received it yet.

Doctor Lyman Olsen of the State Health Department has emphasized the following:

1. The swine flu vaccine is safe. "Despite rumors and some

misleading national publicity, no deaths have been caused by the vaccine. Most persons have no reaction at all. A very small minority (less than two percent) may run a low fever for a few hours after vaccination.

2. Influenza is a serious disease. "Everytime we have a flu epidemic, thousands of people die and millions are sick and lose valuable time from work. Once a flu epidemic starts, it moves very fast. There

is no time to get protected. There is a real threat that an epidemic may occur this winter."

3. The swine flu vaccine is effective. "Vaccination is the only way to protect yourself against the flu. There is no cure. It takes a couple of weeks for immunity to build up in your body, so get the 'shot' as soon as possible while the vaccine is easily available."

County health board hears plea for year-round immunization clinic

12-23-76

Armed with a petition carrying 105 signatures, Holley Cochran Monday presented her request for a year-round immunization clinic to the Wasatch County Board of Health.

"I've had so many people express a desire for a year-round clinic," she told the board. "I got the signatures in about a week and a half. Everyone that I contacted was very enthusiastic."

According to Mrs. Cochran, most of the signatures came from mothers with small children. She said that the cost of getting the shots from private physicians and the inconvenience of having all the regular clinics within a four-month period were the major causes of concern.

"A lot of people have said that their children have been sick during the spring clinic," she told the members of the board.

In response, County Health Director Dr. Raymond Green said there is a greater danger of infection from shots given between June and September.

"I see abscessing during the summer months," he said. "I do not make it a practice to give shots to infant children (during that period)."

Green called the months of February through May "an ideal time to give immunizations," when there are fewer colds and fewer complications.

He maintained that the spring clinics

were capable of handling the demand.

"We feel that we are giving 80 to 90 percent of all immunizations given in the county in the clinics in those four months," he said.

Green argued that the county clinics were originally set up to help those who couldn't afford the doctors' fees, not to compete with the doctors. "I think that's the way it should be," he said.

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Before it was to have a public, the county's was called off.

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ist 30 days for the estigated, according

he ailment as a ed by nerve irritation, muscles, a decrease neralized weakness

that in about half of individuals had not

"I heard, in the early part of this (program), certain complaints from doctors that we had taken away some of their business."

He pointed out that the clinic does not have the expenses, such as heat, light, and employees' wages that doctors must face.

According to Green, the fall months are used for other clinics, especially those which might interfere with the regular

immunization.

"We reserve that time to catch up on those things," he said.

Mrs. Cochran responded that she was confident in the mothers' abilities to determine when was the right time for their children to be immunized.

"I know that a lot of mothers can use their own discretion," she said.

She stressed that she was not asking for a full-time operation.

"I don't think it should be called a full-time clinic," she said. "That's not what we're asking for at all."

She suggested that a two-hour clinic every other week might be sufficient to take care of the demand.

There are other communities with smaller populations, such as Park City and Kamas, which maintain year-round clinics, she said.

Commissioner Harold Smith, acting Chairman of the board in the absence of Dr. Prince, said that he would not recommend any action by the board until the experience of these other communities had been studied.

"I see some really valid concerns in what you say," he said. "The county health department can't be immune to the needs of the community. I assure you they won't be."



DESERET NEWS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

MONDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1976

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We stand for the Constitution of the United States with its three departments of government, each fully independent in its own field.

Utah, U.S. must act now to clean up Strawberry

A study just released by Westminster College students saying Strawberry Reservoir is aging faster than necessary ought to prompt quick action to protect that premier fishing hole. The reservoir is famed for the number and size of fish it produces.

The action will have to be unified because no single agency is responsible for the lake's health and welfare. Involved are the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation, Utah's departments of Natural Resources and Social Services, Wasatch County, and the Central Utah Water Conservancy District.

The study made a point of the reservoir's stratification and the growing lack of oxygen at deeper levels. The situation is aggravated by fishermen who use high nutrient bait, such as corn and meat, and who clean their fish in reservoir waters. As the bait and fish entrails sink to the bottom of the lake, they require oxygen for decomposition, thus reducing deep-water oxygen supply and making the reservoir less able to support its fish population. The study recommended such acts be outlawed.

Unless firm action is taken to control pollution, including the human litter along its over-populated shores, contamination of the reservoir will continue

unabated until it affects either the size or quantity of fish caught, the study warns.

Both the Utah Department of Natural Resources and the U. S. Bureau of Reclamation are aware of the problems, but no specific plans to correct them have been advanced. Both indicate they expect the other to take the lead in developing plans for improvement.

Strawberry Reservoir eventually will be submerged by the larger Soldier Creek Reservoir, already filling slowly. This is all the more reason why it is imperative that plans be made now to slow and reverse the aging process, which all agree is advancing faster than necessary.

The goal is not impossible. In fact, if action is taken without delay it should not be difficult to change the reservoir's direction. Ten years ago the Great Lakes' Lake Erie was polluted so badly gamefish almost disappeared and the lake was said to be not just aging but "dead." But governments and industries along its shores went to work. Now fish are on the increase and the lake is coming back to life.

Strawberry still is very much alive. It's just beginning to show signs of premature age. Now is the time to act to keep it young and fresh, while there's still time.

2-3-77 Immunization Clinic Friday

The Wasatch County Health Department Immunization clinics will begin Friday, Feb. 4 at the courthouse in Heber.

Preschoolers and adults are scheduled between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. School children will be bused in as usual. Information will be sent home with every grade school child. Request forms will be sent with children in grades four through six. These will also be available to junior and senior high school students in their school offices.

If your child has had measles, rubella or mumps immunization, be sure he does not receive polio

vaccine within a month, or vice versa.

Vaccines available are: DPT — \$1.00, DT — \$1.00, Tetanus — \$1.00, Typhoid — \$1.00, Polio — \$.25, Tick — \$3.00. Prices are per dose (not per series).

Parents must accompany those receiving polio immunizations. This includes junior and senior high school students.

If you need further information, call the health department: 654-2102. Please do not wait until the day of the clinic to call. Health office hours are from 9 a.m. to 12 noon and from 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.

Measles

warning urged 3-3-77

Dr. Lyman Olsen, state director of Health, is asking local health directors to urge parents to have their children who are older than 15 months immunized against measles.

"Montana, Idaho, Washington and California are presently reporting outbreaks of measles (rubeola)," Olsen said in a recent memorandum. "Nationally, twice as many measles cases have been reported for the first five weeks of 1977 than for the same period of 1976."

Olsen said that no outbreaks have been reported in Utah, and Wasatch County Health Director Dr. Raymond Green reported that he knew of no recent cases locally.

However, Green observed that Utah is close enough to Idaho and Montana that outbreaks could spread into the state.

"We have not observed any locally," he said, "but we should be on the alert for it."

A measles immunization clinic was held in the county courthouse in the fall, but measles vaccine is not offered during the current series of immunization clinics.

County Health Nurse Maren Durtschi explained that measles vaccine cannot be given within a month of polio vaccine, since one will counteract the effects of the other.

Parents wishing to have their children immunized against measles have the option of going to a private physician or to a clinic elsewhere.

According to the State Division of Health, the vaccine will protect about 95 percent of those immunized at the age of 15 months or older.

4/1/77 Letters... Immunization clinic 3-3-77 scheduled

An immunization clinic will be held this Friday, March 4, from 11:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. in the county courthouse. Vaccine available: DT, DPT, Tetanus, Typhoid, Polio, Tick.

Due to a new law, those receiving Polio vaccine must be accompanied by their parents. This includes junior and senior high school students.

Clinics will be held every other Friday until May 13. Please start your series early if you want it completed at the clinic.

Clinics 4-28-77 to be held

IMMUNIZATION CLINIC

An immunization clinic will be held this Friday, April 29th from 11:00 to 1:00 p.m. at the courthouse.

BLOOD PRESSURE CLINIC

There will be a FREE Blood Pressure Clinic held April 29th and May 13th from 12:00 p.m. to 1:00 p.m. in the Courthouse.

May 26 1977 Cancer clinic slated on June 17

The Wasatch County Board of Health in conjunction with the State Health Dept. and the National Cancer Institute and the Utah Division of American Cancer Society is sponsoring a Cancer Screening Clinic on June 17th.

Nurses who have been specially trained.

Appointments MUST be made by calling the Health Department: 654-3211 ext 22 between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m.

This is for women over 20 years of age who have not had a Pap Smear for a year, and do not have the opportunity to get one.

A ten minute educational program is included. The clinic will be staffed by Registered



Infant workshop held at Primary Children's Hospital

Maren Durtschi and other Community Health Nurses from Utah have recently attended an infant development workshop at the Primary Children's Hospital. This program previously called Infant Stimulation was started in Utah in 1970. There are several workshops each year covering various aspects of infant development.

The objective of this program is to enhance the highest potential of development of so-called "high risk" infants. These include premature or low birth weight infants, those with a low APGAR score (a test done in new born nurseries), those with cerebral palsy, retardation, or congenital anomalies. It has been found that infants of teenage mothers, who are not physically mature themselves, yet, have a greater chance of having a low birth weight baby. Infants of alcoholic mothers also risk having a child with a developmental delay. Mothers who smoke during pregnancy risk the possibility of having an infant with a smaller size brain due to the constriction of blood vessels caused by nicotine resulting in a reduced blood supply to the newborn child. National statistics indicate that 3% of all births are premature; 7% of the general population is mildly retarded.

Children with a developmental delay of C.P. may learn at a slower rate but do learn in the same sequence as others. In motor development, for example, the infant must first learn to hold his head up before he can raise himself up on his arms in order to then progress to kneeling and crawling, etc. The child is tested to determine muscle development and control as well as speech and social areas. A program is then planned according to the child's and families needs. For example: the mother of a child who is a spastic that he is unable to suck will first be taught how to hold the infant to assist him to relax so that he is able to take nourishment. Some children need to be taught an awareness of their body parts in order to begin to use them. Special play activities and exercises are sometimes necessary to develop skills that most develop unconsciously. Sensory awareness is also encouraged. The goal is to train parents to work more effectively with their children.

Since development starts immediately after birth it is important that the "high risk" infants receive the appropriate care and stimulation early in life to assist them to develop faster than they would otherwise, and

also to prevent contractures and deformities that might occur due to poor handling of babies particularly those with cerebral palsy.

Referrals are received from family physicians, the State Health Department Children's Handicapped Services, Primary Childrens' Hospital Birth Defects Clinic, the Newborn Intensive Care Unit, families themselves and neighbors.

For more information about this program or its' services call 654-3211 ext 22.

Maren Durtschi attends mental health meet

By Public Health Nurse
Maren Durtschi

I attended a meeting of the Timpanogos Community Mental Health Center Advisory Council on Aug. 9 of which I have been a member for two years. Great news was received from Dr. Brown, who reported on a hearing held in Denver recently on an application for a federal grant for the center.

The Consultation and Education Grant was approved and will be a great step forward in the prevention of mental illness. Prevention is much less costly not only in dollars and cents but in the suffering.

The three people who will be responsible for the initial planning and programming are: Richard Weaver, Ted Terry and Ford McBride.

Discussion was enthusiastically carried on between them and the members of the Advisory Council regarding their consultation with professional people and community leaders, and the educational programs that will be carried on.

Another new thing that has occurred at the center is the formation of a Consumer Council chaired by Jim Martineau and Peggy Karkula. Members are patients, ex-patients, and their families who bring ideas and feelings about programs, etc. at the center to the Advisory Council. The value of their contributions has already been evidenced by the fulfillment of needs presented.

Serving on this council is exciting for me and I would like to again let you know of items of interest as they occur.

If you or someone you know has a crisis-emotional, drug or alcohol, or perhaps only counseling, the Timpanogos Community Mental Health Center is there to serve you. Call Provo 373-7393. The address is 1161 East 300 North in Provo.

Blood pressure clinic slated

There will be another Blood Pressure Screening Clinic tomorrow, Friday, Oct. 7th from 2 to 4 p.m. Please do not come earlier as an immunization clinic is scheduled until 2 p.m. The purpose of this blood pressure screening clinic is to screen out those people who do not know that they have hypertension. This group includes younger people as well as elderly. Statistics show that young or middle aged people who have mild hypertension for many years risk losing years off their life.

Immunization 7-6-77 clinic Friday

The Mumps-Measles-Rubella Clinic will be held tomorrow, Friday, Oct. 7th from 12 to 2 p.m. in the Courthouse. This is for those who have ordered the immunization. Other vaccines will also be available. IMPORTANT: If you are taking your child elsewhere for immunization BE SURE that polio and M-M-R are not given within one month of each other.

Lions Mobile Van to serve Heber Valley

Thursday, March 23, 1978

Study reveals need for immunization in schools

3/23/78

The immunization survey being conducted by the Wasatch County Health Department indicates that 14 percent of grade school students, 25 percent of junior high students and 29 percent of senior high students in the county are not properly immunized.

In spite of the documented need for immunizations, Health Nurse Maren Durttschi reports that the turnout for the Friday clinics has been poor.

"We will not have any more Friday clinics except for pre-schoolers on the first Friday of the month," she said.

Clinics have been scheduled for the next three Thursday evenings, March 23 and 30 and April 6, between 6 and 7 p.m., in the hope of getting better results.

They will be held in the basement of the courthouse.



The 4,000 Lions of Utah are proud to announce their official start of their free Mobile Clinical Screening Van.

This \$40,000.00 mobile van will travel the state providing each community with a clinic to screen eyes, hearing, diabetes, and blood pressure of the citizens there.

The screening is free, because the sight and hearing conservation programs are the primary goals of better than one million Lions around the world. The Lions of Utah are proud and happy to provide this service for their communities.

The official kickoff of their annual White Cane Day, through broom and candy sales pancake

Fair Mall, Granger, breakfasts and other fund-raising efforts. The Mobile Van Committee includes Darwin Ash, Chairman, Taylorsville; Daryl Shumway, Heber; De Orr Peterson, Morgan; Howard Roundy, Delta.

For more information call Utah Lions Office, 487-1935, 12:30 to 5:30 p.m.

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SECRETARY

May 16, 1978

Utah Air Conservation Committee
P.O. Box 2500
Salt Lake City, Utah 84110

Re: Air quality in
Wasatch County

Dear Sirs:

At our recent Board of Health meeting in Wasatch County, our Air Quality Designation was a subject of discussion. It was unanimously felt that we would like to be designated as Class 2 for this county.

Wasatch State Park is largely in Wasatch County and we understand that it is possible that Class 1 Designation Quality Air may be required because of this situation.

Wasatch County urges your committee to make us a Class 2 Designation for Air Quality because we would like to persist in our efforts to harbor light industry in our valley....especially because of our economically depressed situation.

Please consider our urgent plea for Class 2 Air Quality Designation.

Sincerely,

R. Raymond Green, M.D.

RRG:nd

Rocky Mt. Spotted vaccine no longer being produced

6/22/78

Rocky Mountain spotted fever vaccine is no longer being produced. Efforts are presently under way to develop a new vaccine with proven efficacy. However, commercial production of such a vaccine may be years away.

Because of its name, most people do not appreciate that Rocky Mountain spotted fever is a disease primarily of the South Atlantic and South Central states. It is a disease that is relatively rare in the Rocky Mountain states.

Since 1961, only two laboratory confirmed cases of RMSF have been reported to the Utah Division of Health. For many years Virginia has reported more cases than all seven Mountain states together.

A much more common tickborne disease, endemic in Utah, is Colorado tick fever. This self-limited, usually non-fatal disease is seen with regularity in this area. Any illness following a tick bite should be brought to the attention of a physician.

It is recommended that people who cannot avoid going into tick infested areas use the following precautions:

1. Wear proper clothing for personal protection. Proper clothing decreases the chance of tick attachment.
2. Frequently inspect for ticks and remove them.
3. Use insect repellents containing diethyl toluamide or dimethylphthalate which is found in many mosquito repellents.

1978 Immunization survey mailed

Editor's Note:

The Wasatch County Health Department has asked the Wave to publish this announcement regarding the immunization survey:

TO ALL PARENTS:

Wasatch County is participating in the National Immunization Program.

Wednesday [yesterday] immunization survey forms were sent home with all school students. Please fill in the form immediately and return it to school.

Dates of immunizations are not important but the NUMBER of immunizations your child has received must be put on the forms. We appreciate your cooperation in this year's Immunization Survey.

Cancer screening clinic to be held

6/28/78

Last summer a cancer screening clinic was held for women. A Pap smear was done as well as a breast examination.

An educational program was also held which included not only the signs and symptoms of cancer but the technique of "Self Breast Examination" so the women would be able to do this every month.

This is very important because an early breast tumor may be found by the women herself when there is a much greater chance of removing it before it has spread to other parts of the body. A blood pressure check was also done.

There will be another clinic in July. Those who participated last year will receive a notice from the State Health Department so that they may participate again. They will not need to take part in the educational program unless they desire.

Others who wish to take advantage of this cancer screening clinic should call the Wasatch County Health Department for an appointment: 654-3211 ext. 22.

The state wide program which has been ongoing since 1976 shows some interesting statistics as follows: through

March 1978 approximately 20,000 women have taken part. Because of atypical cells, 3,173 needed further evaluation; 107 showed suspicious cells of which four were found to be definitely cancer cells.

Of those who had further evaluation 14 women were treated for cancer either by hysterectomy (removal of the uterus) or by an cyrosurgery (freezing technique). There were 1,295 women referred for follow up of an elevated blood pressure and 1,416 were found to have breast abnormalities and were referred to their physician.

Some of these are in Wasatch County and have been treated. Some women who were referred to their physician have not gone.

Those who are found to have "atypical cells" on the smear are referred to their physician because those cells may become cancerous in time. Only repeated tests and follow up can determine whether she is safe from cancer.

Early detection and treatment can cure cancer. See your doctor or call 654-3211 ext. 22 for an appointment at the clinic.

Family Planning Clinic opened

5/4/79

Summit County's first Family Planning Clinic opened April 25th to enable area residents to choose freely the number and spacing of their children. The promotion of the health and well being of the mother and family are basic to the intent of the program. Wednesday evening clinics are planned twice a month. The following services will be offered: 1) PAP test for cervical cancer, 2) pregnancy testing, 3) VD testing, 4) infertility counseling, 5) all types of contraception, 6) education and information regarding all of

the above. Thomas Schwenk, M.D., Medical Consultant to the Summit County Health Department, will be the physician. The clinic will be held at the medical emergency facility at the resort. Volunteers are needed to assist in the clinic in such areas as poster making, patient interviewing, and setting up before the clinic and cleaning up after it is over. Volunteer nurses and medical technologists are also needed.

The clinic became a reality when nearly 400 persons, mostly from the Park City area,

petitioned the Summit County Health Department to provide family planning services locally. The County Health Board voted in favor of providing these services at its February meeting and funds were granted by the Utah State Division of Health for April, May

and June. The State Thursdays at 649-9072. Division of Health is in the process of planning fees for clinic services funding for the next fiscal year which begins July 1st.

Any person desiring further information or an appointment, should call the Public Health Nurse's office Tuesdays, Wednesdays or

Area residents are encouraged to take advantage of this unique opportunity to participate in their own health care.



The Chow, a dog which comes from China, is the only canine with a black tongue!

Scott M. Matheson
Governor



James O. Mason, M.D., Dr.P.H.
Executive Director
801-533-6111

DIVISIONS

Community Health Services
Environmental Health
Family Health Services
Health Care Financing
and Standards

OFFICES
Administrative Services
Health Planning and
Policy Development
Medical Examiner
State Health Laboratory

R. Raymond Green, M.D.
Director
Wasatch County Health Dept.
Courthouse
Heber City, Utah 84032

Dear Ray:

On September 28, 1979, I submitted for Utah a formal application for the federal Health Incentive Grant (HIG) award, formerly 314(d). When the name of the grant was changed by Public Law 95-626, so were the accountability provisions. The formula grant with virtually "no strings attached" under the provisions of 314(d) of the Public Health Service Act was replaced by an "incentive grant" system which emphasizes two purposes:

- stressing accountability to the federal government by the state health authorities and,
- at the same time, providing an incentive mechanism to encourage state and local health authorities to invest more resources in public health programs in order to obtain increased federal support for these programs.

Even though these two purposes were emphasized in the language of the new law, Congress did not appropriate sufficient funds to implement the incentive provisions -- funds available to Utah in federal FY 1980 actually decreased from FY 1979 funding levels. Therefore, states are receiving pro-rated shares of the appropriation and cannot obtain additional incentive funds regardless of the extent of state and local expenditures of non-federal funds for public health programs. Consequently, we are faced with additional accountability and less funds. We have tried to minimize the effect of this problem with the following actions:

- Where the grant process called for identification of local funds used for public health services, we used information submitted in the budget statements in your FY 1980 general health contracts with the state. We called your staff if it was necessary to clarify any information in your contracts.
- We have consolidated the programs using these HIG or "314(d)" funds to minimize the number of reports which will have to be made.

November 2, 1979

-- We have restored nearly all of the HIG or "314(d)" funds in aid to local health departments which we formerly had been informed would not be available.

If you would like us to meet with you to explain any of the steps already taken or to explore the potential changes in this federal grant program, please contact me and I will make arrangements for members of my staff to meet with you.

Sincerely,

James O. Mason, M.D., Dr. P.H.
Executive Director

